

## Product-Data-Sheet for LHCN-M2

Version: October 2017

For questions please contact [office@evercyte.com](mailto:office@evercyte.com)

Evercyte Ord. No.:	CkHT-040-231-2
Designation:	LHCN-M2
Biosafety Level:	1
Shipped:	Frozen on dry ice
Medium:	MyoUp (Evercyte, Cat#MHT-040): DMEM/M199 (4+1) (Biochrom, Cat# F0435, FG0615) 15 % Fetal bovine serum (FBS)(Sigma Aldrich, Cat# F2442) 2 mM GlutaMAX™-I (Gibco, Cat# 35050-038) 20 mM Hepes (Biochrom, Cat# L1613) 0.03 µg/ml Zinc sulfate (Sigma Aldrich, Cat# Z0251) 1.4 µg/ml Vitamin B12 (Sigma Aldrich, Cat# V2876) 0.055 µg/ml Dexamethasone (Sigma Aldrich, Cat# D4902) 2.5 ng/ml HGF (Merck Millipore, Cat# GF116) 10 ng/ml bFGF (Peprotech, Cat# 100-18B)
Growth:	Adherent
Organism:	Homo sapiens (human)
Morphology:	Myoblast morphology
Source:	Pectoralis major muscle tissue, male donor
Cell Type:	Myoblast
Antigen Expression:	Positive for PAX7,Desmin, MF20 upon induced differentiation
Ethical statement:	Approved by Institutional Review Board (IRB) in accordance with the Declaration of Helsinki.
Comments:	LHCN-M2 was developed from human satellite cells (from the pectoralis major muscle) by transduction with retroviral vectors containing the cdk-4 and hTERT gene. The cell line was

	continuously cultured for more than 200 population doublings without showing signs of growth retardation or replicative senescence and shows the typical myoblast morphology (Zhu, Ch.-H. et al. 2007, Aging Cell, 6(4):515-23, [PubMed UID: 17559502]).
Propagation:	Cells are grown in MyoUp medium (see above) at 37°C in a humidified atmosphere with 5 % CO <sub>2</sub> .
Subculturing:	<p>The new culture flasks have to be pre-coated with porcine gelatin. Therefore, the culture flasks are treated with gelatin solution (80 µl/cm<sup>2</sup>; Sigma Aldrich, Cat# G1890, 0.1 % in sterile water) at 37°C for at least 4 hours (up to one week). Before introducing cells, remove excess of gelatin solution.</p> <p>For detachment of the cells remove and discard the culture medium and wash the cells once with PBS. Remove PBS completely. Then, add 0.05 % Trypsin-EDTA (1x) solution (room-temperature; 20 µl/cm<sup>2</sup>; Gibco, Cat# 25300054), make sure that all cells have been in contact with this solution and incubate the culture flask at 37°C for approximately 2 - 3 min. Observe cell detachment under an inverted microscope. As soon as all cells are detached, add growth medium (about 160 µl/cm<sup>2</sup>) and aspirate cells by pipetting. Determine the viable cell number and add appropriate aliquots of the cell suspension to new gelatin coated culture vessels filled with growth medium (final volume of 240 µl/cm<sup>2</sup>). A seeding density of 1200 cells/cm<sup>2</sup> is recommended. Cells should be split twice a week when having reached about 30 - 40 % confluence. Never allow the culture to become confluent!</p>
Preservation:	<p>Freezing medium: DMEM/M199 (4+1) (Biochrom, Cat# F0435, FG0615) with 15 % FBS (Sigma Aldrich, Cat# F2442) and 10 % DMSO Storage temperature: liquid nitrogen</p>
Freezing and thawing procedure:	<p>Freezing of cells: Detach the cells from the culture vessel by using Trypsin-EDTA solution as described above, resuspend the detached cells in growth medium and centrifuge at 170 g for 5 min. Then, discard the supernatant, resuspend the cell pellet in the remaining droplet and add freezing medium (tempered to 4°C) to reach a cell density of 5000 – 6000 cells/cm<sup>2</sup> (3.75 – 4.5 x 10<sup>5</sup> cells for thawing in a 75 cm<sup>2</sup> culture flask). Add 1 ml of this cell suspension to each pre-cooled cryovial and immediately transfer the cells to -80°C. After 24 hours transfer the vials to the liquid nitrogen tank.</p> <p>Thawing of cells: Pre-coat a 75 cm<sup>2</sup> culture flask with gelatin (see subculturing). Add 15 ml of growth medium to a 75 cm<sup>2</sup> culture flask and place the culture flask in the incubator for at least 30 min to allow the medium to reach its normal pH. Take a vial of frozen cells, rinse it outside with Ethanol and pre-warm in hand until one last piece</p>

	<p>of frozen cells is seen. Then, immediately transfer the content of the vial to a 15 ml centrifugation tube pre-filled with 9 ml of medium pre-cooled to 4°C and centrifuge for 5 min at 170 g. Then, discard the supernatant and resuspend the cell pellet in the remaining droplet. Add 8 ml of pre-warmed medium to the cell suspension, transfer the cells to the prepared culture flask and incubate at 37°C in a suitable incubator.</p> <p>Perform a medium change 24 hours after thawing. If the cells are already 30 – 40 % confluent at this point, they should be passaged (see subculturing).</p>
Doubling Time:	About 35 - 40 hours
Virus Testing	Cells have been tested negative for HAV and Parvo B19 with Roche DPX-PCR (cobas® TaqScreen DPX-Test), for HBV, HCV, HIV nucleic acids with Roche-Multiplex-PCR (cobas® TaqScreen MPX Test, v2.0).
Other Analytical Data:	Cells are negative for Mycoplasma contaminations as tested using MycoAlert™ Mycoplasma Detection Kit from Lonza. Cells are negative for bacterial and fungal contaminations as tested according to Ph. Eur. 2.6.1. / USP <71>. STR profile has been analyzed and is as expected.

Please Note:

The classification of biosafety level is based on the directive 2000/54/EG of the European Parliament and of the Council on the protection of workers from risks related to exposure to biological agents at work. While Evercyte undertakes all reasonable measures to test for absence of a selected panel of known human pathogenic viruses, there is currently no test procedure available that guarantees for complete absence of infectious pathogens. The use of state-of-the art infectious virus assays or viral antigen assays may leave open the possible existence of a latent viral genome, even if a negative test result is obtained. Therefore, we recommend that all human cell lines should be handled with caution such as an organism of ACDP Hazard Group 2.

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